

OLIVE ESTATE HILL STREET BLOCK RESOURCE CONSENT PACKAGE

LODGEMENT DATE: 27 JUNE 2019

PLAN SET AMENDED ON 04 MARCH 2020 IN RESPONSE TO RFI. REFER TO RM190789, RM190791 AND RM120928V2 INTEGRITY CARE RFI





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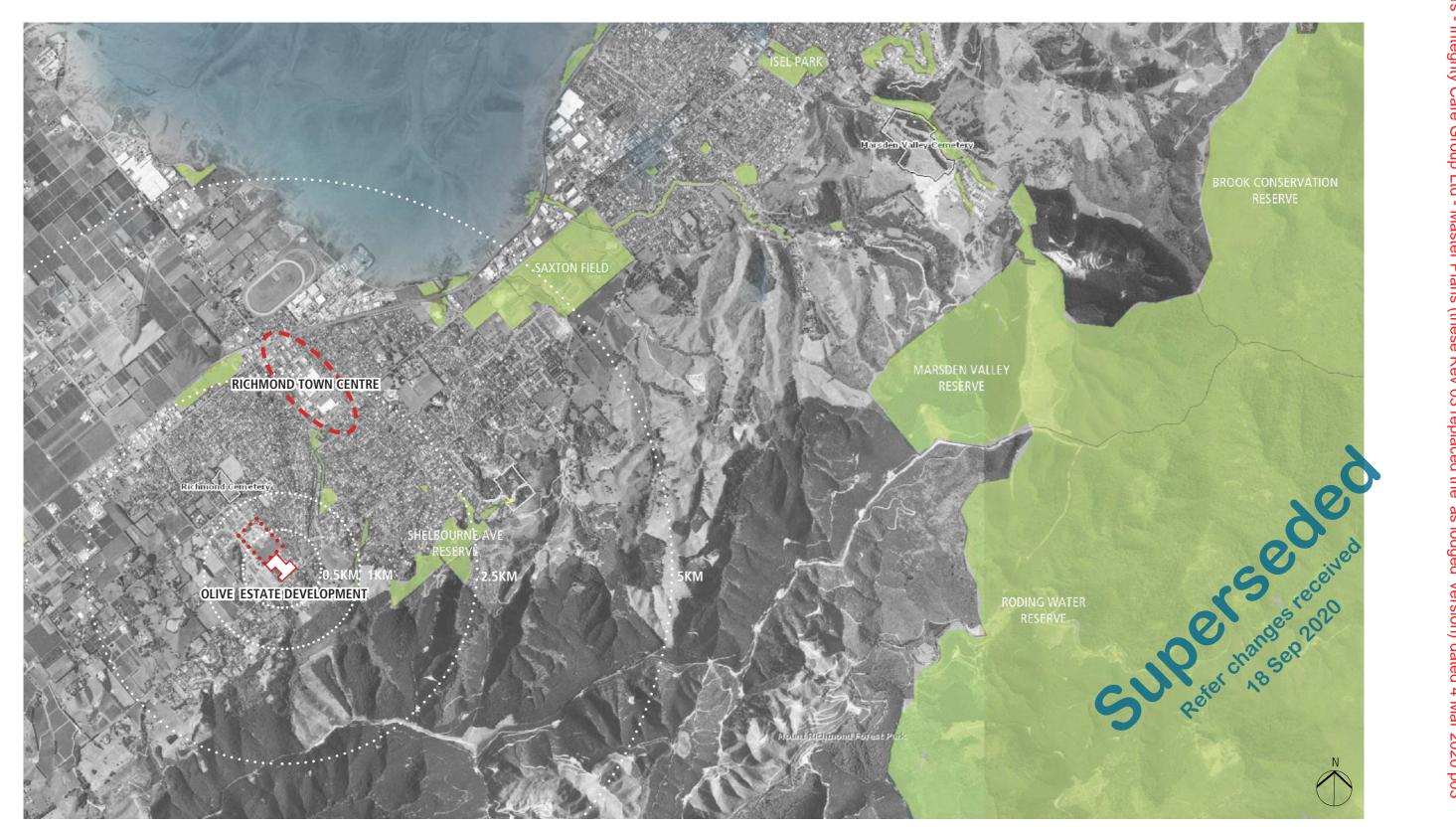
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1.0 SITE CONTEXT 1.1 WIDER DISTRICT - PARKS + RESERVES





1.0 SITE CONTEXT 1.2 LOCAL AMENITIES



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1.0 SITE CONTEXT 1.3 SITE AERIAL



LEGEND

_	HILL STREET BLOCK SITE BOUNDARY
—	ORIGINAL CONSENTED DEVELOPMENT BOUNDARY
	CHANGES TO ORIGINAL CONSENTED DEVELOPMENT BOUNDARY
\sim	VIEWPOINT LOCATION

PROPOSED HILL STREET BLOCK DEVELOPMENT

SITE BOUNDARY





OON MUTES WALK)

1.0 SITE CONTEXT 1.4 SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



PHOTO 1 LOOKING NORTH-WEST DOWN FROM HILL STREET WITH SITE BOUNDARY FOLLOWING EXISTING FENCELINE



LOOKING DOWN FROM HILL STREET DOWN THE CENTRE OF THE SITE WITH THE EXISTING DEVELOPMENT IN THE DISTANCE. THE SITE BOUNDARY FOLLOWS THE DISTANT TREES ON THE RIGHT



PHOTO 3



PHOTO 4 LOOKING SOUTH-EAST UP THE SITE FROM THE EXISTING DEVELOPMENT



PHOTO 5

LOOKING SOUTH-EAST UP SITE WITH THE SOUTH-WESTERN BOUNDARY WHERE THE TREES ARE ON THE RIGHT



PHOTO 6

LOOKING DOWN FROM HILL STREET OVER EXISTING POND WHICH IS WHERE THE CARE FACILITY WILL BE POSITIONED. SITE BOUNDARY IS JUST TO THE RIGHT OF THE POND AND CUTS IN BEFORE THE HOUSE

LOOKING NORTH AT THE EXISTING OLIVE ESTATE DEVELOPMENT



2.0 DESIGN GUIDE 2.1 LANDSCAPE STATEMENT

Design Guide which forms part of the resource consent application.

INTRODUCTION		THE SEVEN C's		
	 Olive Estate is a Lifestyle Village situated close to the center of Richmond, Nelson. The village gained a resource consent in 2013, as part of the process the design team met with the Urban Design Panel to present and gain feedback on the proposal. Olive Estate began construction in 2013. Since then the village has constructed a total of 11 stages and has become one of the most popular lifestyle villages in the region. 	CONTEXT -	Master plan designed comprehensively. A study of surrounding proposed developments an standing of site for masterplan process. An understanding of place to create a unique char - Agricultural history - Proximity to coast	
	3. The success of the village has meant that expansion of the current model meets the demands of the market, while offering the existing village residents new opportunities to expand upon the amenity and lifestyle features of the site.	CHARACTER -	A coming together of agricultural past, the future a Exploring coastal proximity and character types. Local creeks and waterways, adjacent distant range	
	4. In 2017 Olive Estate purchased the adjacent block of land that extends from the current site boundary to Hill Street. This proposal presents an expanded master plan that explores how the village can expand into this new site. It is important to note one of the major changes to the design, that being the relocation of the care facility on to Hill Street. We believe this location is better suited for access, to allow more space in the center of the site, and to enable an entrance building that resembles the scale at the Wensley Road entrance.	CHOICE -	Building character will be a strong part of the next A range of housing types and scales will be built w The masterplan design and amenity features of the proposed lot sizes and density to ensure a consider	
	5. The design for Olive Estate Lifestyle Village was a collaborative process which involved the Canopy team (designers and landscape planner) and the project architect and planner. The original proposal was presented to the Urban Design Panel and changes were made to the design as a response to the suggestions made druing the meeting.	CONNECTIONS -	Pedestrian and cycleways connects to be major am opment. Green and blue networks have been developed to neighbourhoods which will have strong connectior	
	6. The main objective of the design was to create a comprehensive landscape vision across the site of a high standard and amenity. This set the Lifestyle Village within a parklike environment; creating a strong landscape framework within the site and a green network which was both functional in terms of pedestrian use and active or passive recreation.		Wider pedestrian networks that connect with the t to the site to enable good access in and out.	
	7. The Olive Estate Hill Street Block is accessed from Hill Street. The site sits among Greenfield land that is at the edge of the existing Residential boundary of Richmond (formed by Chelsea Ave), on land zoned for further residential development, with an overlay with provisions for compact density (up to 70% site coverage) and increased heights.	CREATIVITY -	The early masterplan highlights a number of oppor provide opportunities for innovative design in urba the proposed residential precincts.	
	8. The site has been designed considering the topography and context of the land whilst acknowledging the past use of the site. Trees and hard landscape features within the site will add to the landscape aesthetic giving reference to the horticultural history of the site. A secondary swale system has been incorporated to manage stormwater runoff from the Right of way and Secondary Roads.	CUSTODIANSHIP -	Environmental consideration has been at the forefr Overland storm-water channels that have riparian the site. Extensive green-ways and connections to create op A range of green nodal points and features in the tion.	
	9. Raised thresholds have been introduced on road intersections as calming measures, which has the added benefit of provid- ing level access to pedestrian walkways.	COLLABORATION -	The masterplan process has been a collaboratio o ising in Master-planning, Landscape Architecture, b	
	10. The master plan and associated landscape plan set shows how a layered approach of landscape treatment has been applied to the site to create a hierarchy of information. These layers differentiate between the overall park like plantings of the street network, the fruit tree network through the site and the species used to delineate shared private green spaces. The hierarchy of street trees and manner in which public and private spaces are differentiated is also shown in the Olive Estate Urban		design, Environmental Storm-water design, Civil er depth understanding of the requirements of the cu	

and activities undertaken to ensure a full under-

naracter.

- Relationship to Richmond

e and residential/Richmond growth.

nges as unique site and features of place. ext phases of the masterplan process.

within the development.

he development to be designed alongside the dered and logical approach.

amenity and spacial features throughout the devel-

to assist with the identification of distinct small ions to each other.

e tasman district will have easy logical connections

portunities throughout the development ban spaces, landscape amenity area

efront of the master-planni in value and will becom

for healthy living es plant interacopportunities for hea e site to

ering and surveying, Planning, Roading engineering and Construction, as well as an in current housing market and construction process.

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2.0 DESIGN GUIDE 2.1 LANDSCAPE STATEMENT

setting of the development.

BLUE & GREEN NETWORKS

BLUE NETWORK -	The existing stormwater systems will be continued through the rest of the site which creates an important visual link between the top and bottom of the site. This visual link will be made primarily with the use of water, but also with the use of river stones and rock work which form the key elements for the construction of the feature. This feature is to become an important green way within the development the space required for storm-water fully utilised to become an amenity feature of the site.	SWALES -	Swales will be used as a secondary stormwater events. The swales will be planted features that d palette. The swales will draw on the aesthetic creat character for the site that is based on a native Ne
	The aesthetic and ecological nature of the associated plant palette will also create a visual con- nection between the pond and the course of the river.	PRIVATE SPACE -	The balance between public and private space h small north facing private areas alongside these l by planting and hard landscape features where rea
GREEN NETWORK -	Parks and Nodal points will feature throughout the development. The spaces will range in size and the features they offer. Pocket parks will each have their own purpose and associated activity, creating miniature destinations within the site and an overall high level of amenity for residents. Associated planting will add to the aesthetic of the development while offering strong environment attributes. Street trees will be included throughout the development and will help in creating an easy to understand roading network.		to balance the need for privacy without compromi plant species that display distinctive characteristic areas. It is important for the landscape to feel uni planting throughout the site. Street trees have bee the site. Variations of heights and forms of tree spe and roading types. Larger avenue trees form the spine that runs along collector road are typically larger and will be plan
LANDSCAPE STAT	TEMENT		
ROAD HIERACHIES -	Roads that are easily distinguished have been designed to aid in memorising the site, wayfinding and defining hierarchies. The roading network can be categorised into three road types.	STREET TREES -	Smaller trees line the secondary roads (or access r narrower road width, provide visual cues to aid ir
	The site is fed by the larger 6 meter 'urban collector road'. The carriageway features 1.4 meter footpaths on either side and is framed by large avenue plantings that will provide a strong canopy		The smaller right of ways are lined with smaller tr More information on species can be found at the
	structure. The second tier roads are smaller 5 meter access ways which feed the access places. Street trees	VEGETATION -	The plant palette for the site has been developed ongoing ecological function of the site. Native spe
	along these roads are smaller in scale displaying unique characteristics.		smaller private spaces and the areas of orchard p
	The residences are accessed via the smaller 4 meter access places. These roads will feature smaller feature trees that are again specific to these particular roads.		These orchard plantings consist of fruit tree spectrum the past horticultural use of the site. These spectrum different destinations within the site at different t
	Additional elements used in the design have been developed to slow traffic through the site, identify the roading network and to assist in wayfinding. These elements include raised thresholds at all intersections and the selection of tree species.		to contribute to the ecological function of the site also aim to encourage birdlife through the site.

Green open spaces have been aligned with roads wherever possible to accentuate the sense of open space throughout the village while further impressing on residents and visitors the parklike for use by both the residents and the wider community.

system absorbing water overflowing during major display some riparian varieties of the native planting ated by the pond and river feature creating a unique lew Zealand aesthetic.

has been considered. Individual residences will have larger community spaces. Private spaces are defined equired. Fencing options have been explored in order nising the local character of Olive Estate. Variations of cs will provide visual cues and will define community ified, a simple plant palette will be used for all mass en used to distinguish a clear street hierarchy within ecies will assist to create identifiable neighbourhoods

g the 'urban collector road'. Species along this larger, nted to achieve a canopy structure for this roadway.

roads/access place) which, when combined with the n way finding through the site.

ree species. end of this guide.

tural origins and the he exception of the in response to both the hor ecies have been preferred in the site .020 plantings in some pub

cies which ical link to sonal change and will delineate cieshave been ees and the riparian planting

CONNECTIVITY - Connectivity with neighbouring residential areas has been considered and is important for the development of a sustainable community. Safe pedestrian and vehicle linkages have been provided



2.0 DESIGN GUIDE 2.2 VILLAGE DESIGN

COMMUNITY & SURVEILLANCE -

Front yards overlook the street creating the ability for passive surveillance while reinforcing a sense of community. Planting and fin fencing will help create privacy where required. Tree planting both on the street and within private outdoor spaces create shade during summer months.

Semi private public space between units to be planted to ensure privacy where required while also allowing the ability for passive surveillance. This is a fine balance that will be further explored during the detailed design phase.

The development will be broken into smaller community design areas, each having a range of specific design elements. This will create distinctive areas that are easier to remember within the Estate.

Fences, walls and hedges will be required to create privacy within private yards. Fences will not be continuous, but staggered creating a tonal range and more spatial aesthetic. Height of fences must provide privacy while allowing outlook and surveillance to the street.

Planting palettes will tie the whole development together with an overall approach that ensures consistency and simplicity. The development planting plan will be broken into small community areas, the use of specific feature plant species within these smaller areas.

GENERAL LOT TREATMENT

SPATIAL LAYOUT -

Layout of the villas has been designed to create private space opportunities for each villa while maximising outdoor public space for the whole of the development. Buildings have been setback on boundaries to maximise private space to the north maximising sunlight hours. Space between villas will be used as a buffer zone. Within this area design elements and buffer planting will be used to ensure internal and external areas have sufficient screening from adjacent private yards public or semi private spaces.



Front yard (hatched) semi private semi public space. Area may be used for buffer planting for windows if required.



Street tree planting along access place.

Private yard - To comply with 'TRMP' standards, allowing for 6m open spaces per lot.





2.0 DESIGN GUIDE 2.2 VILLAGE DESIGN

DESIGN OF PRIVATE SPACE -

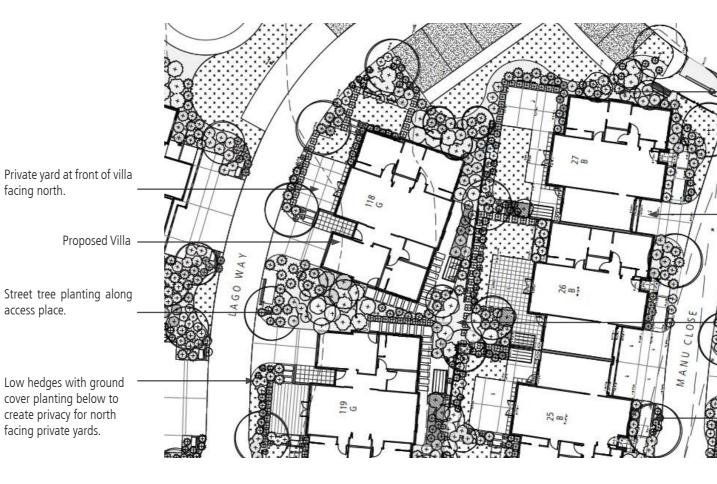
Private yards are designed with outdoor living in mind. Landscape features to create privacy within these areas will be key elements within the landscape design. Hard landscape elements range in material, colour and texture providing a range of approaches that will vary through out the development and will be constructed from quality materials and a range of natural finishes.

Design elements throughout Olive Estate will have a consistency that unifies the development as a whole. However, there will be a range of finishes and detail within these elements to add interest and variety.

- Timber fences displaying a range of design options and using a range of materials.
- Retaining walls to create flat open spaces

 Variation in approach and construction creating distinctive areas in the development.
- Hard surfaces with a range of detail options such as saw cuts inset paving, colour.
- Timber decks
- Raised planters used for edible plantings.
- Driveway designs

LANDSCAPE DESIGN









Layered planting of shrubs, grasses and ground covers. Palettes to unify the development while displaying specific detail to identify areas within the community.

Concrete driveway with options for saw cut detail or for paving details to add interest.

Private rear gardens allowing buffer planting to create privacy for both villas.

Fin walls and low fences to be used to create privacy for rots. Fences are not to completely surround the villas instead to be staggered allowing space rand tonal range.

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Olive Terrace

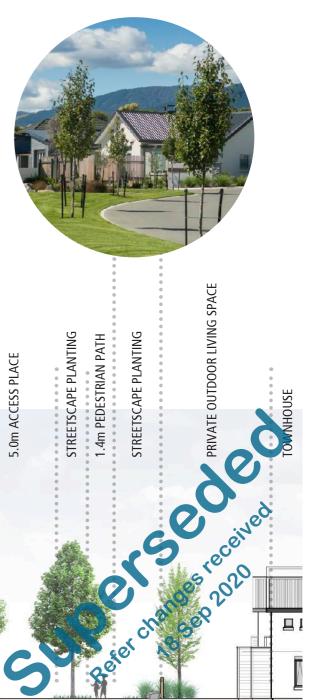


2.0 DESIGN GUIDE 2.3 ROAD TYPE SECTIONS



4 METRE ACCESS PLACE | SECTION A-A

5 METRE ACCESS ROAD | SECTION B-B





2.0 DESIGN GUIDE 2.3 ROAD TYPE SECTIONS



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6 METRE RIGHT OF WAY (COLLECTOR ROAD) | SECTION C-C

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7 METRE RIGHT OF WAY (COLLECTOR ROAD) | SECTION D-D

RM190790 and ors - Integrity Care Group Ltd - Master Plans (these Rev 03 replaced the 'as lodged' version) dated 4 Mar 2020 p12