

Procurement Strategy 2010

Tasman District Council

SEPTEMBER 2010



TASMAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Procurement Strategy 2010

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1 Executive Summary

Tasman District Council does not have a formal Procurement Strategy currently in place. This Strategy has been prepared to meet New Zealand Transport Agency's (NZTA) requirements for expenditure from the National Land Transport Fund, it describes the procurement environment that exists within the Tasman District.

The Council's objectives are to:

- implement policies and financial management strategies that advance the Tasman District
- ensure sustainable management of natural and physical resources, and security of environmental standards
- sustainably manage infrastructure assets relating to Tasman District
- enhance community development and the social, natural, cultural and recreational assets relating to Tasman district
- promote sustainable economic development in the Tasman District.

These objectives are fully described in the Council's Long Term Council Community Plan (LTCCP).

This Procurement Strategy principally focuses on Engineering Services activities but is framed in the NZTA procurement plan format, which is consistent with whole of government procurement initiatives.



An overview of the strategy for the procurement of Professional Services is:

Activity type	Summary of proposed procurement delivery		
Consultancy Services - Term Network Contracts:	Specific procurement strategy to be determined for each contract.		
Major Capital Projects:	Where a project is considered significant the project becomes a major project. Council will determine the extent to which a project is considered significant using the thresholds, criteria and procedures as detailed in Council's LTCCP. Major projects will be assessed on their own merits to determine the appropriate procurement strategy for that project.		
Consultancy Services >\$150k:	Direct to market tender process. Use of Price Quality selection methods. Performance measures as appropriate. Mixed delivery model as appropriate e.g. payment linked to performance.		
Consultancy Services >\$50k and <\$150k:	Go through a formal selection process using a prequalification system and Request for Information (RFI), to establish a qualified panel of consultants, primarily on non price attributes. When a tender is let, invite all consultants from the appropriate prequalified supplier panel to submit a tender giving their price, confirmation of resources, methodology and programme. Use panel approach to help build local consultant capability and capacity to sustainably deliver quality outcome projects to Council into the future. Performance measures as appropriate. Mixed delivery model as appropriate e.g. payment linked to performance. The opportunity for registration and selection to the supplier panel will be provided annually. Council may choose Direct to Market tender process.		
Consultancy Services <\$50k:	Go through a formal selection process using a prequalification system and Request for Information (RFI) to establish a qualified panel of suppliers primarily on non price attributes. Then select a consultant from a minimum of one selected tenderer based on one or more of: previous performance; price; quality. Use panel approach to help build local consultant capability and capacity to sustainably deliver quality outcome projects to Council into the future. Performance measures as appropriate. The opportunity for registration and selection to the supplier panel will be provided annually. Council may choose Direct to Market tender process.		
Trial Procurement Models:	Tasman District Council may consider alternative delivery models for a selection of projects where these models adequately address the project risk profile.		



An overview of the strategy for the procurement of Physical Works services is:

Activity type	Summary of proposed procurement delivery
Term Network Maintenance Contracts	Term network maintenance projects will be assessed on their own merits to determine the appropriate procurement strategy for that project. Council will develop a specific strategy depending on the criteria, drivers and procedures of Council and NZTA to meet their objectives.
Major Capital Projects:	Where a project is considered significant the project becomes a major project. Council will determine the extent to which a project is considered significant using the thresholds, criteria and procedures as detailed in Council's LTCCP. Major projects will be assessed on their own merits to determine the appropriate procurement strategy for that project.
All Projects >\$300k:	Direct to market tender process to select a contractor based on previous performance, price, quality and capacity to undertake the work. Performance measures as appropriate. Mixed delivery model as appropriate e.g. payment linked to performance.
Renewals, miscellaneous maintenance and Capital projects >\$100k and <\$300k:	Go through a formal selection process using a prequalification system and Request for Information (RFI), to establish a qualified panel of suppliers, primarily on non price attributes. When a tender is let, invite all suppliers from the appropriate prequalified supplier panels to submit a tender giving their price, confirmation of resources, methodology and programme. Performance measures as appropriate. Mixed delivery model as appropriate e.g. payment linked to performance. The opportunity for registration and selection to the supplier panel will be provided annually.
	Council may choose Direct to Market tender process.
Renewals, Miscellaneous Maintenance and Capital Projects <\$100k:	Go through a formal selection process using a prequalification system and Request for Information (RFI) to establish a qualified panel of suppliers primarily on non price attributes. Then select a contractor from a minimum of <u>one</u> selected tenderer based on previous performance, price, quality and capacity to undertake the work. Use panel approach to help build local contractor capability and capacity to sustainably deliver quality outcome projects to Council into the future (particularly helping local contractors improve safety, quality and cost management systems).
	Performance measures as appropriate. The opportunity for registration and selection to the supplier panel will be
	provided annually.
	Council may choose Direct to Market tender process.
Trial Procurement Models:	Tasman District Council may consider alternative delivery models for a selection of projects where these models adequately address the project risk profile:



2 Policy Context

Tasman District Council has decided to maintain a cautious steady approach to its delivery of services and provision of infrastructure to meet the growth and other needs of the District and to help the sustainability of its communities.

2.1 Background

The Nelson Tasman Region is located in the north west of the South Island. It covers the area from the Whangamoa Ranges (at the boundary of Marlborough District) in the east, to Murchison in the south and Golden Bay in the north-west. Tasman Bay is located to the north.

The main population of the Nelson Tasman Region is centred in Nelson City, with a resident population of 42,891 at the 2006 Census. Richmond is the second largest and fastest growing town in the region with 12,953 residents at the 2006 Census. Motueka is the third largest town, with 6,242 residents at the 2006 Census. The region contains many other small and distinct communities. Tasman District, which includes Richmond and Motueka, had a total resident population of 44,616 at the 2006 Census.

The region is known for the natural beauty of its landscapes. Fifty-eight percent of Tasman District is national park.

The main drivers of the Tasman economy continue to be horticulture, forestry, fishing agriculture and tourism. These provide the economic base for the community. A range of other industries are growing in importance to the local economy, including aquaculture, research and development, information technology and industries using the natural products in the area.

Tasman District covers 9,786 square kilometres of mountains, parks, waterways and includes 725 km of coastline.

Our Place in the future:

- making sure we have enough high quality drinking water and water available for irrigation to support the continued development of the primary sector
- making sure development is sustainable
- maintaining a high quality natural environment
- providing a good transportation network of roads, cycleways and walkways
- providing infrastructure to meet residential industrial and business growth
- fostering safe and friendly communities
- maintaining the vitality of our small rural communities
- working collaboratively on a range of issues and sharing services with our neighbouring councils.

Tasman District Council will provide much of the core infrastructure on which our business and communities depend, assist in the creation of the meaningful employment opportunities and promote various transport options.



Tasman District Council Procurement Strategy

In developing its LTCCP and its Procurement Strategy, Council has borne in mind the public concern about affordability and the current economic conditions, when deciding what activities and services will or will not be permitted. It has taken a conservative approach on what it will provide. The Council is also aware that it indirectly purchases products locally and contracts for work to be undertaken on its behalf. These activities help stimulate local economy and provide basic infrastructure for growth.

While mindful of it influence on the local economy, Council is continually looking for ways to deliver services more efficiently and effectively. Council has encouraged existing contractors and service providers and where possible, provided opportunities for new providers to enter the market. They have achieved this through a generally public tendering process and structuring contracts to suit the regional market. Council have used a mix of procurement models ranging from a selection of specialist providers to large network management contracts for periods of five years or more. The drivers behind the procurement strategy for Tasman District Council are:

- · efficient and effective delivery of service
- value for money
- sustainable economic growth
- building contractor capability to sustain a competitive environment
- sustain quality and a healthy environment.

Up until 2005 the Nelson Tasman Region sustained a reasonable mix of contractors with larger projects attracting interest from outside the region. With the significant growth additional contractors, across all services, entered the market but with varying capability. It is envisaged this will stabilise again over the next 10 years. Specialist areas will continue to require expertise to be brought into the region. The performance of the contractors has generally been satisfactory. Council is keen to facilitate a consistent high quality of service.

2.2 Assets and Activities Covered by this Strategy

The assets and activities covered by this strategy are:

- Land transportation 1,680 km of roads: 915 km sealed, 765 km unsealed, 467 bridges and footbridges, 184 km footpaths, 21 carparking facilities, 3,735 streetlights
- Coastal structures wharves at Mapua and Riwaka, jetties and boat ramps, coastal protection works at Ruby Bay/Mapua and Marahau
- Motueka and Takaka Aerodromes
- Water 16 water supply areas, 659 km pipelines, 34 pumping stations, 11,387 domestic connections, 43 reservoirs
- Wastewater 14 Urban Drainage Areas, 323 km pipeline, 2,250 manholes, 75 sewerage pumping stations, 7 wastewater treatment plants
- Stormwater 15 Urban stormwater drainage areas, assets used include drainage channels, piped reticulation networks, tide gates, detention or ponding areas, inlet structures, discharge structures
- Solid waste 1 operational landfill, 5 resource recovery centres
- Rivers 285 km of rivers, assets include river protection works such as stopbanks, rock and willows.



2.3 Existing Delivery Models and Contract Types

Council has to date typically used the traditional (staged) delivery model across all activities. Some elements of design build have been incorporated into a few contracts. Design build contracts, if to continue, will require more understanding and acceptance of the allocation and ownership of risk.

The Council has used a reasonable mix of supplier selection methods – lowest price; price/quality and direct negotiation.

The choice of supplier selection method has been made after a review of the following:

- value of work
- complexity
- assessment of environmental or other risks
- current state of the contractor market
- efficiency of contract administration
- · capability of contractors
- public profile

The contract types used by council have generally been:

- measure and value with some lump sum aspects for physical works using the NZS3910 General Conditions of Contract
- lump sum, unit rate and time based for professional services covering strategic development, investigation, design and construction monitoring. These contracts have generally used modified ACENZ General Conditions of Contract
- design build elements within some physical works contracts under the NZS3910 General Conditions of Contract.

2.4 Tasman District Council - Comparison in New Zealand

Tasman District is one of the three unitary authorities in the South Island. The neighbouring authorities of Nelson City and Marlborough District are also unitary authorities. As a unitary authority Tasman District has the power and responsibilities of a regional authority and a local authority. In particular Tasman District has established its own Regional Transport Committee.

The district is a medium size rural authority within New Zealand with a wide range of topography and levels of service to meet the needs of its district and its 17 settlements. Growth is projected to continue but at a slower rate than has occurred over the last six years. Council has chosen a medium growth model in assessing its infrastructural needs for the next 10 to 20 years. The population is projected to increase from 45,800 in 2006 to 56,355 in 2021 and 63,940 in 2031.



2.5 Regional Interests and Shared Services with Neighbouring Authorities

Tasman District Council and Nelson City Council already collaborate closely on a wide range of projects programmes and shared services.

While the specific needs of Tasman's 17 settlements are best met locally, both Councils recognise that the interests of the region as a whole are often best served through a collaborative approach. There are a range of advantages from working together, including economies of scale through combining services to reduce overall costs for ratepayers or users of a service, or delivering a better service or facility to ratepayers.

Examples of the joint Nelson Tasman projects for engineering/infrastructure include:

- interconnected water supply services provide enhanced security of supply for both councils, especially during an emergency
- Nelson Regional Sewerage Business Unit (NRSBU) 50/50 ownership, which includes the facilities at Bells Island
- Port Nelson Ltd (50/50 ownership) is managed to ensure the company benefits the wider region
- Nelson Airport (50/50 ownership) also serves the wider region, bringing economic benefit to both areas
- road safety and cycle promotion programmes run every year to prevent accidents and increase the already growing numbers on Nelson and Tasman residents who choose to use active transport
- cycleways developed between Richmond and Stoke
- working towards the introduction of consistent engineering standards across both Councils
- regional transport planning continues to involve both Councils, although they have separate Regional Transport Committees
- cross boundary issues are dealt with by joint Council working parties
- the Councils are working together on joint planning for public passenger transport
- a joint Nelson Tasman working party has been established to look at coordinating recycling and waste management issues.

Tasman District Council works collaboratively with the New Zealand Transport Agency. This involves a close liaison through the Regional Land Transport Committee, local technical liaison committees and specific project teams e.g. Ruby Bay Bypass, Queen Street Intersection and the Three Brothers Roundabout.

Tasman District Council and the New Zealand Transport Agency have, and will continue to, undertake joint safety and strategy studies such as the Motueka Transportation Study.

Tasman District Council and the New Zealand Transport Agency have a joint principal network maintenance contract for the Golden Bay area which includes 75km of State Highway 60 from Riwaka to Collingwood. The professional services for the management of the State Highway 60 network maintenance contained in the Golden Bay contract is included in the Tasman District Council's Roads Professional Services contract.





The specific procurement strategy for these joint contracts between Tasman District Council and the New Zealand Transport Agency will be decided as appropriate for each specific project and will include:

- joint principal and open or closed tender basis
- one or either as lead principal with joint funding arrangements and use of their own procurement strategy and processes.

2.6 Private Public Partnership Policy of Tasman District Council

Section 107 of the Local Government Act requires Tasman District Council to have a policy relating to the commitment of local authority resources to partnerships between the local authority and the private sector (as defined in Section 107(2)). Council's full policy is detailed in the Tasman District Council Long Term Community Plan (LTCCP) Volume 2, 2009 – 2019 and summarised below:

Tasman District Council will consider partnership arrangements with the private sector for the provision of infrastructure or services where:

- that infrastructure or service will contribute to the Council's outcomes or the objectives of the Long Term Council Community Plan
- the benefits to the Council justifies the transaction and ongoing management costs of a partnership
- such a partnership is likely to deliver a better service or activity or provide better value for money, based on cost, time and financial arrangements, than alternative delivery methods.

The Council may be interested in a partnership with the private sector for any or all of the following reasons:

- · access to capital
- spreading risk
- legal restrictions
- common outcome

The Council will not engage in a partnership where the Council considers that:

- the activity or project will not contribute to the Council's outcomes or the objectives of the Long Term Council Community Plan
- the risks of the partnership are too high
- the activity or project is not lawful

2.7 Council Resources and Capability

Council Engineering resources provide:

- strategic and policy development of all Council infrastructural assets and land development
- · project management and monitoring
- principal's role for all maintenance, renewal and improvement projects
- road safety policy and implementation
- planning and liaison with all stakeholders and other authorities

Council obtains technical advice from its own staff resources as well as external professional service providers.





Detailed investigations, design and contract management is usually provided through external consultants.

All physical works activities are provided through external contractors.

2.8 Market Capability Overview

The delivery of services in the Nelson Tasman Region has become more competitive in recent years. There has been an increase in the number of contractors in the market across transportation and 3 waters services. There is a wide range of capabilities within the potential suppliers. Council wishes to facilitate an efficient and consistent quality of delivery from its suppliers while enabling and encouraging a healthy and sustainable competitive market place.

The Tasman Regional Transport Strategy, the Activity Management Plans, Cycling Strategy and Safety Management Systems are documented and support the Councils programme of works.

The Council believes it currently obtains its services at a reasonable price however it believes its processes can be improved to achieve greater efficiency, reduce overall market costs and improve value for money to its ratepayers. In addition it believes some alternative procurement methods can be trialled to establish even greater value for its customers and develop competition and market capability to deliver these services. Procurement methods considered are detailed in Section 5.2.

2.9 Council Priorities and Key Issues for Delivery of Infrastructure

The Council's objectives for delivery of infrastructure are described in the Activity Management Plans and the 10 year LTCCP. The relevant community outcomes, from consultation, are our:

- unique and special natural environment is bountiful, healthy, clean and protected
- built urban and rural environments are functional, pleasant, safe and sustainably managed
- transport and essential services are sufficient, efficient and sustainably managed
- growing and sustainable economy provides opportunities for us all

Council sees sustainable economic growth as desirable. To achieve this, a number of key priorities over the next 10 to 20 years have been identified. Those relevant to this procurement strategy include:

- making sure development is sustainable
- maintaining a high quality natural environment
- providing a good transportation network of roads, cycleways and walkways
- providing infrastructure to meet residential, industrial and business growth
- maintaining the vitality of new small communities
- working collaboratively on a range of issues and sharing services with our neighbouring councils

Relevant key issues associated with the Council priorities are:

- level of rates increases and current economic climate
- sustainable development and environmental management

Tasman District Council Procurement Strategy



Council is proposing to maintain the current levels of work under each activity, including (but not limited to) the following specific items:

Transportation:

- ongoing safety improvements to the road network
- sealing of unsealed roads where they can be economically justified to secure subsidised funding or are programmed to be fully funded by Council
- expenditure on cycleways and walkways is to increase subject to partial subsidy

Coastal Structure:

- the demand of urban development and public access to and along the coast
- increase of coastal erosion and the predicted effects of climate change
- control and management of boat moorings and navigation aids
- · continued management of wharves and ports at a cost affordable to the community
- meeting the needs of recreational and commercial users

Aerodromes:

 providing a service at Motueka and Takaka that is affordable to the users while mitigating any adverse effects from the use of the aerodromes

3 Waters - Water:

- meeting national drinking water standards
- ensuring a reliable and sustainable water supply
- meeting the demand for new infrastructure and upgrades
- looking at the need for new town supplies in some areas

3 Waters - Wastewater:

- ensuring the performance of the wastewater treatment plants
- · considering issues relating to system overflows

3 Waters - Stormwater:

- maintaining natural drainage systems
- providing adequately sized stormwater systems to cope with existing and future demand
- implementing more sustainable design practices
- improving the quality of stormwater discharge

Solid Waste:

- meet Waste Minimisation legislative requirements
- maintain positive interaction with Nelson City Council in developing a joint Waste Management and Minimisation Plan
- re-evaluate waste targets in relation to obligations

Rivers:

 responding where there is support from the community to upgrade levels of protection in a sustainable manner

Tasman District Council is working with Nelson City on joint passenger transport planning, initially between Nelson and Richmond.





2.10 Strategy References and Peer Review

This Strategy was prepared with reference to the:

- NZTA Procurement Manual and guidelines
- Office of The Auditor General procurement guidelines and good practice notes
- Local Government Act 2002
- Council policies

Further, an independent peer review was completed by Brian Smith Advisory Services Limited and the Strategy changed as appropriate.



3 Procurement Programmes

3.1 Council's Procurement Programme

This procurement strategy covers the following areas of Council investment in assets and services:

- transportation
- 3 Waters
- coastal structures (including wharves)
- rivers
- aerodromes
- solid waste

Council's total investment in these areas over the next 10 years is in the order of \$685 million (inflation adjusted), of which in the order of 80% is in the water utilities and road infrastructure.

The type of work covered by the Strategy includes:

- infrastructure including physical works and associated professional services:
 - new capital
 - renewals
 - maintenance
 - miscellaneous services
- other professional services:
 - planning and advice



The investment profile (from the 2009 LTCCP) over the next 10 years is shown in Figure 3-1 below:

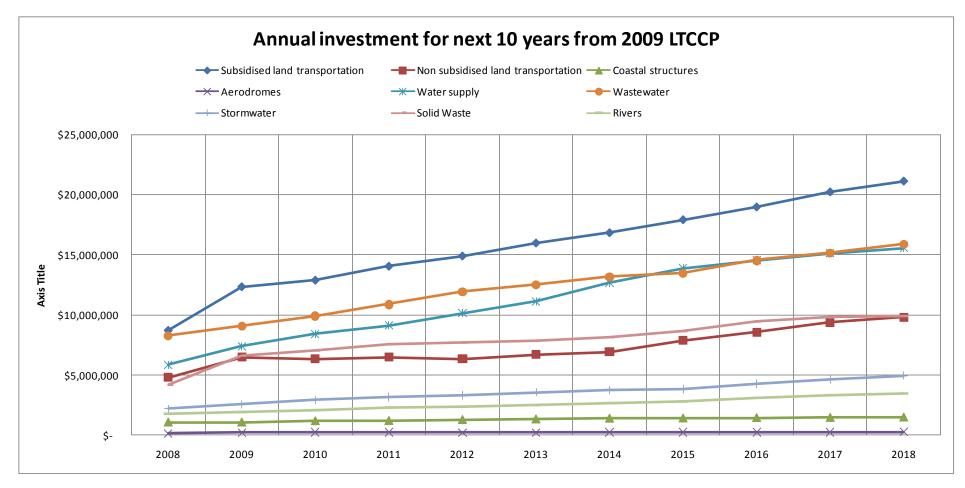


Figure 3-1 : Investment Profile





3.2 Procurement Cycle

Capital and renewal programmes of works are procured based on a staged approach to investigation, design, procurement and construction. Therefore, there is an annual programme of works generally in accordance with the long term programme identified in the 2009 LTCCP.

Term contracts make up a significant investment for Council and these are shown in the Gantt chart Figure 3-2 below (possible contract extensions and existing contractors are also shown in this chart).



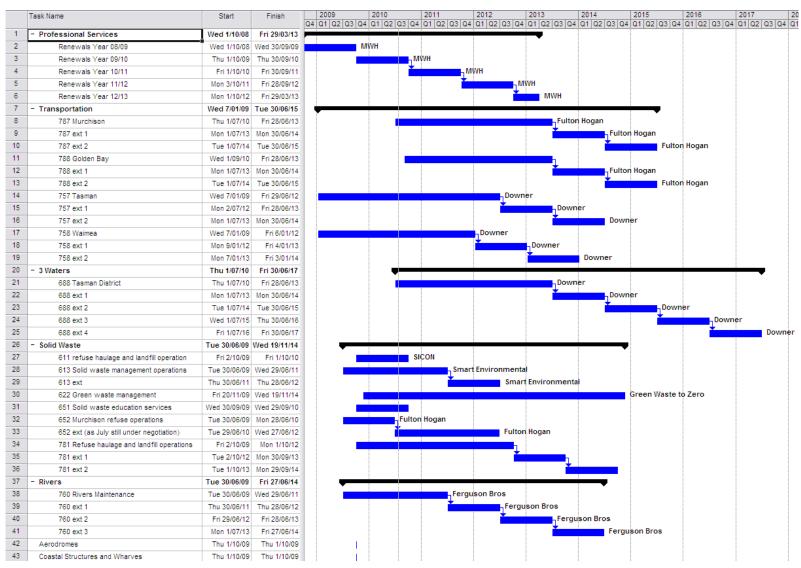


Figure 3-2: Term Contracts

Status: Final Page 15 September 2010
Project Number: Z1448517 Final Procurement Strategy 10 9 10.docm



3.3 Contribution to Council and s25, LTMA, Objectives

This procurement strategy supports the Council objectives to:

- implement policies and financial management strategies that advance the Tasman District
- ensure sustainable management of natural and physical resources, and security of environmental standards
- sustainably manage infrastructure assets relating to Tasman District
- enhance community development and the social, natural, cultural and recreational assets relating to Tasman District
- promote sustainable economic development in the Tasman District

S25 also notes:

- regard must be given to the desirability of enabling fair competition that encourages competitive and efficient markets
- for other than minor or ancillary works undertaken by an internal business unit, outputs must be purchased from external providers
- to reinforce value for money concept, an Approved Organisation (AO) is not compelled to accept the lowest price proposal

3.4 Risk Management and Profile

The Council is acutely aware of the risks in providing the infrastructure and services related to these activities.

Council is in the process of developing an integrated risk management plan.

Council is adopting an Integrated Risk Management (IRM) framework and process as the means for managing risk within the organisation. The process integrates with the LTCCP process as illustrated in Figure 3-3 below.

The strategic goal of integrated risk management is:

"To integrate risk management into Council's organisational decision making so that it can achieve its strategic goals cost effectively while optimising opportunities and reducing threats."

The IRM process and framework is outlined in more detail in the relevant Activity Management Plans, and Risk Management Plans are under development. The risk management framework adopted by Tasman District Council is consistent with AS/NZS 4360:2004 Risk Management and assesses risk exposure by considering the consequence and likelihood of each risk which is identified as having an impact on the achievement of organisational objectives (see Figure 3-4 below).

Future procurement strategies will take into account relevant risk events identified in the risk management plans, and will apply the IRM process to evaluation and treatment of risks using the procurement strategy.

Key risks that Council wants to manage by adopting the procurement strategy are:

 the ability to sustain a competitive local contractor market avoiding 'capture' by a smaller group of suppliers resulting in potential cost escalation



Tasman District Council Procurement Strategy

- balancing a diverse local contractor market with management of associated safety, quality and financial risks (larger national or international companies have more robust safety, quality and financial management systems minimising this risk to Council, however Council pays more for the services as a result of these management systems with an associated reduction in risk to the service provision)
- maintenance of a cost effective procurement process while complying with external funder requirements (this strategy being a key mitigation measure to this risk)



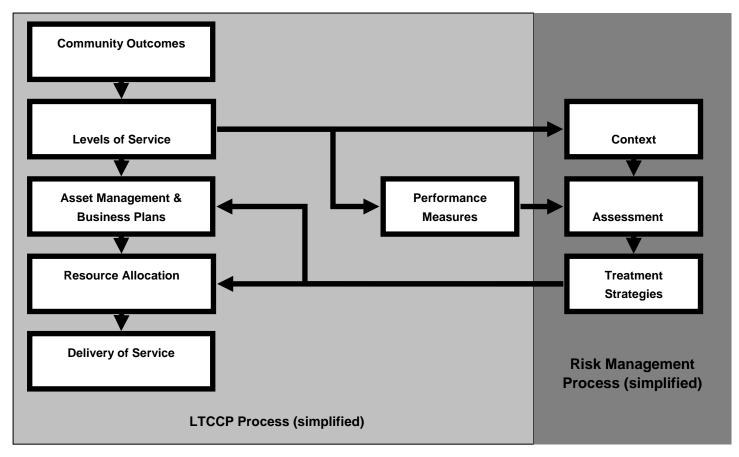


Figure 3-3: Integration of Risk Management Process into LTCCP Process



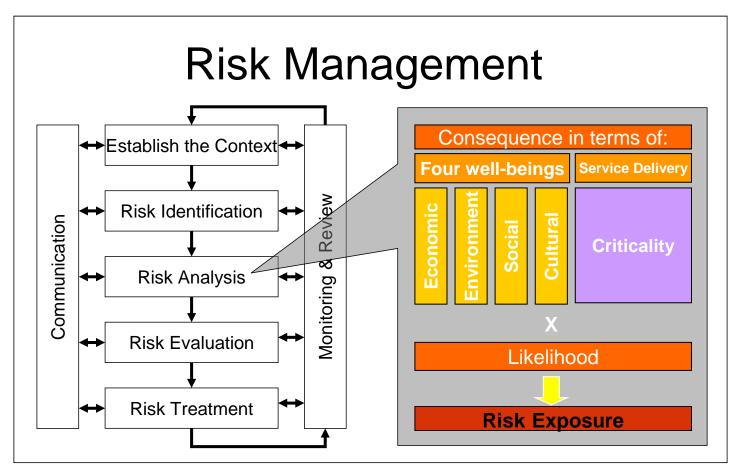


Figure 3-4: Integrated Risk Management Process



4 Procurement Environment

4.1 Supplier Market

Physical Works Contractors

Tasman District Council generally maintains a very competitive market for general civil works with major contracts attracting four to five bids in the roading area. Smaller contracts and 3 Waters contracts can attract up to twenty bids.

The contractors available in the Tasman Region are capable of supplying the full range of services that Tasman District Council may need to procure.

Professional Services Providers

Council out sources the majority of its engineering services through tender. The delivery strategy for professional services will be reviewed within the next procurement period and will be presented in the next three-yearly revised Procurement Strategy. This procurement is a significant investment for Council and therefore will be subject to an independent review. The status quo is proposed in the interim.

Other Sectors

Other agencies that have an impact on Tasman District Council markets are Nelson City Council, Marlborough District Council, and NZTA.

Notwithstanding the competition for work, there has generally been keen competition for Council projects.

The availability of work other than that offered by Tasman District Council has contributed to a relatively stable pool of contractors and consultants in the region.



4.2 Expenditure Profile

Table 4-1 : Tasman District Councils Indicative Annual Expenditure Profile on All Activities Over Years 2010 to 2020

Activity area	Capital	O&M	Renewals	Professional services	TOTAL (sum of all)
Transportation	\$5,317,000	\$6,894,000	\$7,355,000	\$1,523,000	\$21,089,000
3 Waters	\$9,505,000	\$3,975,000 ⁽¹⁾	\$4,152,000	\$3,844,000	\$21,476,000
Coastal Structures	\$589,000	\$39,000	\$60,000 ⁽²⁾		\$688,000
Rivers	\$1,761,000	\$725,000	\$957,000	\$60,000	\$3,503,000
Aerodromes	\$15,000 ⁽³⁾	\$62,000	\$33,000 ⁽⁴⁾	\$13,000	\$123,000
Solid Waste	\$533,000	\$3,160,000	\$659,000		\$4,352,000
TOTALS	\$17,720,000	\$14,855,000	\$13,216,000	\$5,440,000	\$51,231,000

Notes:

- (1) Excludes Nelson Regional Sewerage Business Unit costs
- (2) Excludes \$1.2m for Port Tarakohe Wharf Replacement
- (3) Expenditure in 2011/12 only
- (4) Expenditure in 2011/12 and 2013/14 only
- (5) All figures exclude inflation

4.3 Other Procurement Activities

This procurement strategy covers the full range of activities managed by the Engineering Services group with Tasman District Council. The strategy has been developed to comply with the good practices promoted in the NZTA Procurement Manual, however, has not been limited to just transportation.



5 Approach to Delivering the Work Programme

5.1 Specific Objectives

Council's objectives for procurement of contracting and consulting services are to:

- obtain contracting & consulting services at a reasonable price and in accordance with the LTMA
- improve local contractor capabilities in the areas of managing safety quality and financial risks
- sustain a competitive and healthy local contractor market for minor works
- improve efficiencies in resource allocation and cost across the market

This will lead to:

- reduced transaction costs associated with administration of supply contracts
- ensuring all related work is undertaken with consistent objectives and performance measures
- promoting and sustaining a level and competitive 'playing field' for Council's work programmes

Overall, Council is satisfied with the current structure of procurement in engineering services and foresees no significant change in the immediate future. However, some areas of change warrant investigation and are covered in this strategy. In addition, Council has a commitment to assessing value for money and will establish and monitor measures consistent with those proposed in the NZTA Procurement Manual to help guide future decisions on the strategic direction of procurement.

The **primary** objective that Council will focus on in the coming planning period is:

• to maximise the quality of the products and services provided for what Council can afford

The **secondary** objectives include:

- to understand the true cost of procurement (through the full supply chain and across the life of the associated assets)
- to structure contracts and procurement processes appropriately to sustain long term competition within the local market
- to have appropriate service level agreements in place within Council to address critical project related services, such as land matters

5.2 Procurement Methods Considered

The various types of delivery models considered for the procurement of services by Council are outlined below.

Physical works delivery models considered:

- staged traditional contracting models (preferred)
- design and build altered delivery risk profile (more trials to be established)
- shared risk (advanced) alliance / relationship style (considered for major projects only)
- supplier panel (advanced) commodity / repetitive style of projects (considered for small projects only)

Professional Services delivery models considered:

staged – traditional (current and preferred delivery model)





- supplier panel (advanced) commodity / repetitive style of projects (considered for small projects only)
- supplier panel (advanced) specialist areas

Contract bundling opportunities considered to optimise service offerings from the market are outlined below:

Table 5-1: Contract Bundling Opportunities Considered

Option considered	Discussion
Geographic spread / split (e.g. term contracts, can programmes of capital works also be let, and across multiple functional areas?)	Council believes it has the appropriate structure in this context built over years of trialling different sized contracts
Functional split (e.g. can roads go with rivers?)	Council believes it has the appropriate structure in this context built over years of trialling different sized contracts
Cross boundary opportunities	NRSBU (Regional wastewater treatment); refuse collection and land fill management; Joint principal transportation contracts with NZTA and Nelson

Criteria for assessing the appropriate delivery model for projects and activities will be:

- complexity and uncertainty
- repeatability
- scale
- timing and urgency
- innovation potential
- risk clarity
- supplier market capability
- contract management (Council, Consultant) capability



6 Implementation

6.1 Capability and Capacity

This procurement strategy relates to services procured by the Engineering Services department.

Council engineering resources provide:

- strategic and policy development of all Council infrastructural assets and land development
- project management and monitoring
- principal's role for all maintenance, renewal and improvement projects
- road safety policy and implementation
- planning and liaison with all stakeholders and other authorities

Council will obtain technical advice from its own staff resources as well as external professional service providers.

Detailed investigations, design and contract management will usually be provided through external consultants.

All physical works activities will be provided through external contractors.

6.2 Procurement Selection Methods

Tasman District Council has undertaken a review of the likely capital and renewal contracts across all activities for the 20 year period 2009 – 2029. Approximately two thirds of the projects are estimated to be less than \$300,000 and there is generally a significant increase in the value of individual projects above this limit.

In the interests of establishing an efficient procurement process, and to establish a systematic method of building and sustaining local contracting capability and capacity, it is proposed to establish supplier panels for both contractors and consultants. This is considered by NZTA to be an advanced procurement method.

It is proposed to review the limit for the specific supplier panels as part of the Procurement Strategy review process.

Supplier Panel

Separate supplier panel/s will be established for both contractors and consultants.

The contractors and consultants will be invited annually to register their interest and complete the capability and information schedules for the specific attributes in the respective Request for Information (RFI) documents. The physical works RFI's will be for the delivery of projects estimated to have a contract value of less than \$300,000. The professional services RFI's will be for the delivery of projects estimated to have a contract value of less than \$150,000.





Ranking criteria will include:

- the suppliers will be assessed and ranked in accordance with the RFI
- in the RFI suppliers will be required to provide specific details against each of the work categories they apply for including:
 - o relevant experience
 - track record
 - o resources
 - o management & technical skills
 - quality systems
 - health & safety compliance
- approved qualified contractors and consultants will be listed in supplier panels for physical works and professional services respectively
- the supplier panels will be updated annually through a separate RFI process. This timeframe will be reviewed as part of the Strategy review
- no additional contractors or consultants will be eligible for inclusion in the panel during the current 12 month period
- depending on the specific project requirements, tenderers on the relevant panel/s will be requested, in a project specific Request for Tenders (RFT), to submit a tender to be assessed on price, or quality, or both

Term Contracts

Term network contracts for all infrastructural assets will require separate procurement delivery models to be developed and are to be specific to the project.

Criteria for consideration in the development of the specific strategies will include:

- whole of life benefits and costs
- efficiencies in bundling of work categories
- market capabilities
- impacts on local economy
- value for money
- likely long term quality of service

Activity Types and Procurement Delivery Method

The proposed delivery models for professional services and physical works projects are detailed in the tables below.



Table 6-1: Professional Services

Activity type	Summary of proposed procurement delivery				
Consultancy Services - Term Network Contracts:	Specific procurement strategy to be determined for each contract.				
Major Capital Projects:	Where a project is considered significant the project becomes a major project. Council will determine the extent to which a project is considered significant using the thresholds, criteria and procedures as detailed in Council's LTCCP. Major projects will be assessed on their own merits to determine the appropriate procurement strategy for that project.				
Consultancy Services >\$150k:	Direct to market tender process. Use of Price Quality selection methods. Performance measures as appropriate. Mixed delivery model as appropriate e.g. payment linked to performance.				
Consultancy Services >\$50k and <\$150k:	Request for Information (RFI), to establish a qualified panel of consultant primarily on non price attributes. When a tender is let, invite all consultants from the appropriate prequalified supplier panel to submit a tender giving their price, confirmation of resources, methodology and programme.				
	Use panel approach to help build local consultant capability and capacity to sustainably deliver quality outcome projects to Council into the future. Performance measures as appropriate.				
	Mixed delivery model as appropriate e.g. payment linked to performance. The opportunity for registration and selection to the supplier panel will be provided annually.				
	Council may choose Direct to Market tender process.				
Consultancy Services <\$50k:	Go through a formal selection process using a prequalification system and Request for Information (RFI) to establish a qualified panel of suppliers primarily on non price attributes. Then select a consultant from a minimum of <u>one</u> selected tenderer based on one or more of: previous performance; price; quality.				
	Use panel approach to help build local consultant capability and capacity to sustainably deliver quality outcome projects to Council into the future.				
	Performance measures as appropriate.				
	The opportunity for registration and selection to the supplier panel will be provided annually.				
	Council may choose Direct to Market tender process.				
Trial Procurement Models:	Tasman District Council may consider alternative delivery models for a selection of projects where these models adequately address the project risk profile.				



Table 6-2: Physical Works

Activity type	Summary of proposed procurement delivery
Term Network Maintenance Contracts	Term network maintenance projects will be assessed on their own merits to determine the appropriate procurement strategy for that project. Council will develop a specific strategy depending on the criteria, drivers and procedures of Council and NZTA to meet their objectives.
Major Capital Projects:	Where a project is considered significant the project becomes a major project. Council will determine the extent to which a project is considered significant using the thresholds, criteria and procedures as detailed in Council's LTCCP. Major projects will be assessed on their own merits to determine the appropriate procurement strategy for that project.
All Projects >\$300k:	Direct to market tender process to select a contractor based on previous performance, price, quality and capacity to undertake the work. Performance measures as appropriate. Mixed delivery model as appropriate e.g. payment linked to performance.
Renewals, miscellaneous maintenance and Capital projects >\$100k and <\$300k:	Go through a formal selection process using a prequalification system and Request for Information (RFI), to establish a qualified panel of suppliers, primarily on non price attributes. When a tender is let, invite all suppliers from the appropriate prequalified supplier panel/s to submit a tender giving their price, confirmation of resources, methodology and programme. Performance measures as appropriate. Mixed delivery model as appropriate e.g. payment linked to performance. The opportunity for registration and selection to the supplier panel will be
	provided annually. Council may choose Direct to Market tender process.
Renewals, Miscellaneous Maintenance and Capital Projects <\$100k:	Go through a formal selection process using a prequalification system and Request for Information (RFI) to establish a qualified panel of suppliers primarily on non price attributes. Then select a contractor from a minimum of <u>one</u> selected tenderer based on previous performance, price, quality and capacity to undertake the work. Use panel approach to help build local contractor capability and capacity to sustainably deliver quality outcome projects to Council into the future (particularly helping local contractors improve safety, quality and cost management systems).
	Performance measures as appropriate.
	The opportunity for registration and selection to the supplier panel will be provided annually.
TAIDAN	Council may choose Direct to Market tender process.
Trial Procurement Models:	Tasman District Council may consider alternative delivery models for a selection of projects where these models adequately address the project risk profile:





6.3 Performance Measurement and Monitoring

Tasman District Council Engineering Manager is responsible and accountable for the planning process for the Procurement Strategy.

Tasman District Council proposes to establish value for money measures relating to procurement across engineering services. Council believes the measures proposed by NZTA are appropriate (with some further definition in some areas) and will endeavour to establish a performance monitoring framework around these measures to target more efficient and effective procurement of services over time.

Measures are to be split against the following groups:

- 3 Waters
- transportation
- all other infrastructure

The measures are detailed in Table 6-3 below.

Council's Engineering Manager will compile and report on the performances measures to the Council and NZTA.

KPI Reporting:

- annual report to NZTA and Council
- LTCCP reporting.



Table 6-3: Performance Measures

Measurement area	Measure name	Description of measure	Unit	Measure
Value for money	Time	Estimated duration of contract and actual duration of contract	%	Actual duration divided by estimated duration for projects completed during the measurement period
	Cost	Estimated cost of contract and actual cost of contract	%	Actual cost divided by estimated cost for projects completed during the measurement period
	Quality	Tasman District Councils satisfaction with the goods or services purchased		Develop contract completion questionnaire
Supplier markets	Whether the supplier selection process was		No. \$	Total number of projects processed through supplier panel, and total value, for the report period
	Performance	supplier panel or direct to market	No. \$	Total number of projects procured by direct to market RFT, and total value, for the reporting period
		The number of suppliers on panels	%	Number of approved suppliers on panels divided by the number of suppliers who applied
	Competitiveness	The number of bids received	Average no of bids	Number of bids received for direct to market RFT divided by number of direct to market RFTs, for procurement processes completed during the measurement period
		Whether alternative bids were permitted	%	Number of alternative bids permitted divided by total number of bids, for procurement processes completed during the measurement period
	Innovation	Whether any alternative bids were received	%	Number of alternative bids received divided by number of bids received, for procurement processes during the measurement period
		What added value alternative bids brought and their associated cost	% & \$	Total dollar benefit (whole of life) of alternatives delivered, for projects completed during the measurement period divided by total value of tenders completed during the period
Procurement procedures	Efficiency	Comparing the overall cost of the procurement function with the total cost of contracts let	%	Total cost of procurement divided by total value of all contracts per annum

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6.4 Communications

This Procurement Strategy is owned by the Tasman District Council and is a public document. It will be referred to in the LTCCP and made available on the Council's website (www.tasman.govt.nz).

Stakeholders are:

- Council
- NZTA
- Contractor(s)/Consultant(s)
- Neighbouring Councils

Tasman District Council has consulted with stakeholders in the development of this Procurement Strategy.





6.5 Corporate Ownership

This preliminary procurement strategy is approved by:				
Peter Thomson Engineering Services Manager Tasman District Council	Date:			
Paul Wylie Chief Executive Tasman District Council	Date:			
	t on a three year cycle in conjunction with each LTCCP. The ouncil's website and stakeholders advised.			

Review No	Summary of Changes:	Ву:	Date: